

General Assembly

Amendment

January Session, 2007

LCO No. 9152

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Offered by:

SEN. FINCH, 22nd Dist. REP. ROY, 119th Dist.

To: Subst. Senate Bill No. **1432**

File No. 905

Cal. No. 404

"AN ACT CONCERNING GLOBAL WARMING AND BROWNFIELDS REMEDIATION AND DEVELOPMENT."

- 1 In line 67, after "2007)" insert "(a)"
- 2 After line 88, insert the following: "(b) Not later than two years after
- 3 the Commissioner of Environmental Protection posts such a list on the
- 4 Department of Environmental Protection's web site, no retailer or
- 5 wholesaler shall sell any lamp classified on such list. The
- 6 Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall issue a written
- 7 warning to any retailer or wholesaler who violates this subsection. Not
- 8 later than thirty days after the Commissioner of Environmental
- 9 Protection issues such a warning, the wholesaler or retailer shall pay a
- 10 fine of not more than one hundred dollars for each sale of an inefficient
- incandescent lamp subsequent to the receipt of such warning.
- 12 (c) For the purposes of this section, "incandescent lamp" means a
- light bulb of not less than forty watts and not more than one hundred
- 14 watts with a medium screw base that operates at less than one

15 hundred fifteen volts and not more than one hundred thirty volts."

- 16 Strike sections 6 to 12, inclusive, and renumber the remaining
- 17 sections and internal references accordingly
- 18 After the last section, add the following and renumber sections and
- 19 internal references accordingly:
- 20 "Sec. 501. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2007, and applicable to sales
- 21 occurring on or after said date) There is hereby imposed a surcharge of
- 22 ten cents on each sale of an incandescent lamp. Said surcharge shall be
- 23 in addition to any tax otherwise applicable to any such transaction. On
- or after October 1, 2007, each retailer who collects such surcharge shall
- 25 remit the total amount of the surcharge collected each calendar quarter
- 26 to the Comptroller for deposit in the Renewable Energy Investment
- Fund created under section 16-245n of the general statutes. For the
- 28 purposes of this section, "incandescent lamp" means a light bulb of not
- 29 less than forty watts and not more than one hundred watts with a
- 30 medium screw base that operates at not less than one hundred fifteen
- 31 volts and not more than one hundred thirty volts.
- 32 Sec. 502. Section 12-81 of the general statutes is amended by adding
- 33 subdivision (77) as follows (Effective July 1, 2007, and applicable to
- 34 assessment years commencing on or after October 1, 2007):
- 35 (NEW) (77) Any hybrid passenger car, as defined in subdivision
- 36 (115) of section 12-412, purchased on or after July 1, 2007.
- 37 Sec. 503. Section 12-217 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2007*):
- 39 (a) (1) In arriving at net income as defined in section 12-213, whether
- 40 or not the taxpayer is taxable under the federal corporation net income
- 41 tax, there shall be deducted from gross income, (A) all items deductible
- 42 under the Internal Revenue Code effective and in force on the last day
- 43 of the income year except (i) any taxes imposed under the provisions
- 44 of this chapter which are paid or accrued in the income year and in the

income year commencing January 1, 1989, and thereafter, any taxes in any state of the United States or any political subdivision of such state, or the District of Columbia, imposed on or measured by the income or profits of a corporation which are paid or accrued in the income year, and (ii) deductions for depreciation, which shall be allowed as provided in subsection (b) of this section, and (B) additionally, in the case of a regulated investment company, the sum of (i) the exemptinterest dividends, as defined in the Internal Revenue Code, and (ii) expenses, bond premium, and interest related to tax-exempt income that are disallowed as deductions under the Internal Revenue Code, and (C) in the case of a taxpayer maintaining an international banking facility as defined in the laws of the United States or the regulations of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, as either may be amended from time to time, the gross income attributable to the international banking facility, provided, no expense or loss attributable to the international banking facility shall be a deduction under any provision of this section, and (D) additionally, in the case of all taxpayers, all dividends as defined in the Internal Revenue Code effective and in force on the last day of the income year not otherwise deducted from gross income, including dividends received from a DISC or former DISC as defined in Section 992 of the Internal Revenue Code and dividends deemed to have been distributed by a DISC or former DISC as provided in Section 995 of said Internal Revenue Code, other than thirty per cent of dividends received from a domestic corporation in which the taxpayer owns less than twenty per cent of the total voting power and value of the stock of such corporation, and (E) additionally, in the case of all taxpayers, the value of any capital gain realized from the sale of any land, or interest in land, to the state, any political subdivision of the state, or to any nonprofit land conservation organization where such land is to be permanently preserved as protected open space or to a water company, as defined in section 25-32a, where such land is to be permanently preserved as protected open space or as Class I or Class II water company land.

78 (2) No deduction shall be allowed for (A) expenses related to

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dividends which are allowable as a deduction or credit under the Internal Revenue Code, and (B) federal taxes on income or profits, losses of other calendar or fiscal years, retroactive to include all calendar or fiscal years beginning after January 1, 1935, interest received from federal, state and local government securities, if any such deductions are allowed by the federal government.

(3) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, no dividend received from a real estate investment trust shall be deductible under this section by the recipient unless the dividend is: (A) Deductible under Section 243 of the Internal Revenue Code; or (B) received by a qualified dividend recipient from a qualified real estate investment trust and, as of the last day of the period for which such dividend is paid, persons, not including the qualified dividend recipient or any person that is either a related person to, or an employee or director of, the qualified dividend recipient, have outstanding cash capital contributions to the qualified real estate investment trust that, in the aggregate, exceed five per cent of the fair market value of the aggregate real estate assets, valued as of the last day of the period for which such dividend is paid, then held by the qualified real estate investment trust. For purposes of this section, a "related person" is as defined in subdivision (7) of subsection (a) of section 12-217m, "real estate assets" is as defined in Section 856 of the Internal Revenue Code, a "qualified dividend recipient" means a dividend recipient who has invested in a qualified real estate investment trust prior to April 1, 1997, and a "qualified real estate investment trust" means an entity that both was incorporated and had contributed to it a minimum of five hundred million dollars worth of real estate assets prior to April 1, 1997, and that elects to be a real estate investment trust under Section 856 of the Internal Revenue Code prior to April 1, 1998.

(4) Notwithstanding anything in this section to the contrary, (A) any excess of the deductions provided in this section for any income year commencing on or after January 1, 1973, over the gross income for such year or the amount of such excess apportioned to this state under

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the provisions of section 12-218, shall be an operating loss of such income year and shall be deductible as an operating loss carry-over for operating losses incurred prior to income years commencing January 1, 2000, in each of the five income years following such loss year, and for operating losses incurred in income years commencing on or after January 1, 2000, in each of the twenty income years following such loss year, provided the portion of such operating loss which may be deducted as an operating loss carry-over in any income year following such loss year shall be limited to the lesser of (i) any net income greater than zero of such income year following such loss year, or in the case of a company entitled to apportion its net income under the provisions of section 12-218, the amount of such net income which is apportioned to this state pursuant thereto, or (ii) the excess, if any, of such operating loss over the total of such net income for each of any prior income years following such loss year, such net income of each of such prior income years following such loss year for such purposes being computed without regard to any operating loss carry-over from such loss year allowed by this subparagraph and being regarded as not less than zero, and provided, further, the operating loss of any income year shall be deducted in any subsequent year, to the extent available therefor, before the operating loss of any subsequent income year is deducted, and (B) any net capital loss, as defined in the Internal Revenue Code effective and in force on the last day of the income year, for any income year commencing on or after January 1, 1973, shall be allowed as a capital loss carry-over to reduce, but not below zero, any net capital gain, as so defined, in each of the five following income years, in order of sequence, to the extent not exhausted by the net capital gain of any of the preceding of such five following income years, and (C) any net capital losses allowed and carried forward from prior years to income years beginning on or after January 1, 1973, for federal income tax purposes by companies entitled to a deduction for dividends paid under the Internal Revenue Code other than companies subject to the gross earnings taxes imposed under chapters 211 and 212, shall be allowed as a capital loss carry-over.

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(5) This section shall not apply to a life insurance company as defined in the Internal Revenue Code effective and in force on the last day of the income year. For purposes of this section, the unpaid loss reserve adjustment required for nonlife insurance companies under the provisions of Section 832(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as from time to time amended, shall be applied without making the adjustment in Subparagraph (B) of said Section 832(b)(5).

- (b) For purposes of determining net income under this section, the deduction allowed for depreciation shall be determined as provided under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as from time to time amended, provided in making such determination, the provisions of Section 168(k) of said code shall not apply.
- (c) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section, "net income", in the case of an S corporation, means the percentage of the nonseparately computed income or loss, as defined in Section 1366(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, of such S corporation, without separate state adjustment pursuant to section 12-233 or 12-226a for the compensation of any officer or employee, to which shall be added (A) any taxes imposed under the provisions of this chapter which are paid or accrued in the income year and (B) any taxes in any state of the United States or any political subdivision of such state, or the District of Columbia, imposed on or measured by the income or profits of a corporation which are paid or accrued in the income year as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection.
- (2) For income years commencing prior to January 1, 1997, "net income" means one hundred per cent of the amount computed under subdivision (1) of this subsection; for income years commencing on or after January 1, 1997, and prior to January 1, 1998, "net income" means ninety per cent of the amount computed under subdivision (1) of this subsection; for income years commencing on or after January 1, 1998, and prior to January 1, 1999, "net income" means seventy-five per cent

of the amount computed under subdivision (1) of this subsection; for income years commencing on or after January 1, 1999, and prior to January 1, 2000, "net income" means fifty-five per cent of the amount computed under subdivision (1) of this subsection; for income years commencing on or after January 1, 2000, and prior to January 1, 2001, "net income" means thirty per cent of the amount computed under subdivision (1) of this subsection; for income years commencing on or after January 1, 2001, net income of S corporations as computed under subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not be subject to the tax under this chapter. Any S corporation subject to the tax on net income as provided in this section shall be eligible for any credit against the tax otherwise available to taxpayers under this chapter only to the extent and in the same percentage as net income of such S corporation is subject to taxation under this chapter, except that any S corporation with an income year commencing on or after January 1, 1999, but before December 31, 2000, shall be eligible for the entire credit available under sections 8-395, 12-633, 12-634, 12-635 and 12-635a.

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section, "net income" shall not include: (1) Twenty per cent of the total proceeds received from the sale of greenhouse gas emission credits on or after January 1, 2008, (2) forty per cent of the total proceeds received from such sale on or after January 1, 2009, (3) sixty per cent of the total proceeds received from such sale on or after January 1, 2010, (4) eighty per cent of the total proceeds received from such sale on or after January 1, 2011, and (5) any proceeds from the sale of greenhouse gas emission credits on or after January 1, 2012.

[(d)] (e) The commissioner may adopt regulations in accordance with chapter 54, relating to mergers or consolidations of corporations providing for the deduction, by the surviving or new corporation provided for in the plan of consolidation, of operating losses that were incurred by a merging or consolidation, or operation, respectively, before the merger or consolidation, respectively. Such regulations may follow the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States,

214 as from time to time amended, or the regulations thereunder."